SPECIAL PAYMENT METHODS

New Mexico requires its largest taxpayers to remit tax payments in special ways. This FYI identifies a special-payment taxpayer and outlines the payment methods to be used, the procedures to follow for each method, and the consequences of failure to comply. You may also wish to use the New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department’s website, www.tax.newmexico.gov, for electronic transmission of your payment.

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  Deposit (ACH) ..............................................page 8
  Technical Appendix .................................page 10
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GENERAL INFORMATION

No matter the size of your tax liability for the current month, you must use one of the special payment methods described in this FYI if your average tax liability in any of five different tax groups was $25,000 or more per month during the previous calendar year. The tax groups are:

**CRS (Combined Reporting System) Taxes:** Gross receipts tax, all local option gross receipts taxes, governmental gross receipts tax, compensating tax, withholding tax, interstate telecommunications gross receipts tax, leased vehicle gross receipts tax, and the leased vehicle surcharge.

**Oil & Gas Taxes:** Oil & gas Emergency School Tax, Oil & Gas Severance Tax, Oil & Gas Conservation Tax, and Oil & Gas Ad Valorem Production Tax.

**Natural Gas Processors Tax:** Although this tax is considered one of the “oil & gas taxes” in the Oil & Gas Filer’s Kit, it is treated separately for purposes of special payment methods.

**Fuel Taxes:** All special fuel, gasoline, ethanol, and petroleum loading fees reported on the Combined Fuel Tax Report.

**State Oil & Gas Royalties.** The State Land Office manages oil & gas royalties. This FYI provides information as a courtesy to those who also pay the royalties. Contact the State Land Office (505-827-5705) about special payment requirements for oil & gas royalties.

If you have multiple CRS tax identification numbers, combine the taxes paid under all CRS numbers to determine whether the average tax liability was $25,000 or more per month during the previous calendar year. Those with more than one OGRID (Oil & Gas Reporting Identification) number should combine the taxes paid under all numbers to determine the average tax liability.

Taxpayers required to make payment by special payment methods may pay electronically using ACH deposit, Fedwire Transfer, or when available, online electronic payment options using VISA, MasterCard, American Express or electronic check. The result of the payment must be that funds are immediately available to the state of New Mexico on or before the due date. Payments may also be made with a check drawn on any New Mexico financial institution provided that the check is received by the Santa Fe office at least one banking day prior to the due date, or the check is drawn on any domestic non-New Mexico financial institution provided that the check is received by the Santa Fe office at least two banking days prior to the due date. You may use one of the special payment methods if your tax liability was less that $25,000 per month, but it is not required.

--TIMELY FILING AND PAYMENT--

Tax return filing-due dates are no different for special payment taxpayers than for other taxpayers. Form CRS-1, Fuel Tax reports and Natural Gas Processors reports are due on the 25th day of the month following the end of the reporting period. Oil & Gas Tax reports are due on the 25th day of the second month following the end of the reporting period. Contact the State Land Office for Oil & Gas Royalty information (505-827-5705).

If you are using any of the special payment methods — ACH deposit, Fedwire transfer, checks, or internet payment options — note that the payment-due date may be earlier than the tax return filing-due date. Check the appropriate section under each procedure for details.

Generally, the postmark date determines if a filing is timely. If the due date of the return (the 25th
day of the month) falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or on a state observance of a national holiday, then the return’s filing due date is the next business day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or state observance of a national holiday. Delivery through a qualified private delivery service is timely if the date recorded or marked by the service is on or before the required mailing date. New Mexico considers a private delivery service qualified if it is accepted as such by the Internal Revenue Service. For electronically filed returns, the filing is timely if the electronic submission occurs on or before the due date.

--FILING FORM CRS-1 ON THE INTERNET--

Access the Taxation and Revenue Department’s web page at https://tap.state.nm.us/Tap/. If you have not yet registered, you can apply for a CRS identification number by selecting “Apply for a CRS ID” under the “Businesses” section here: https://tap.state.nm.us/Tap/. Once you have a CRS identification number you can create a log in by selecting the “Sign up now” link When you have your taxpayer access point (TAP) account you can file your Form CRS-1 and pay the associated tax due.

Payment over the Internet is available for filing and paying your $25,000-or-more payment over the net via VISA, MasterCard, American Express or electronic check. Payments made by credit card carry a convenience fee on the payment amount to reimburse the state for fees banks and credit card companies charge for your use of credit cards. Deadlines remain the same for reporting. (See “Timely Filing” above and “Penalties” below.) However, if you are required to make payment by special payment methods, the Department must have access to your payment on or before the due date to be timely. Generally, if you transmit payment via the internet you may transmit three working days prior to the due date and your payment will be timely. Check with your financial institution to determine the amount of time needed for the payment to reach the Department.

You may use this system if you report or owe gross receipts tax, compensating tax, withholding tax, governmental gross receipts tax, interstate telecommunications gross receipts tax, leased vehicle gross receipts tax, or leased vehicle surcharge. Form CRS-1 can be filed using this system, for any amount, including zero. However, this system is not available for returns of taxpayers who are filing on a 13-month basis, or for tax periods which have not yet closed.

If submitting the form online and making a separate payment via Fedwire transfer or automated clearing house deposit, indicate on the online form that you are paying by Fedwire transfer or automated clearinghouse deposit. It will also ask you for the date on which payment was made.

--PENALTIES--

All taxpayers who fail to file tax returns timely, even if the payment itself is timely, receive a penalty. Penalty is assessed at the rate of 2% per month, up to 20% of the tax due, until the return is filed. Penalty applies even if the payment is remitted properly and within deadline.

When you are required to use a special payment method and do not, you will be assessed penalty and interest. Penalty accrues at 2% per month, up to 20% of the tax due. Interest is due for the period between the date the special payment was due, and the date funds become available to the state. Interest is calculated daily at a rate of 0.013698630% per day.

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1 This daily interest rate is based on the IRC rate for the fourth quarter of 2019. For current quarterly and daily rates visit our website at http://www.tax.newmexico.gov/Individuals/penalty-interest-rates.aspx.
Penalties or penalties and interest apply if you fail to transmit Fedwire transfers or ACH deposits in the proper format. An incorrectly transmitted Fedwire transfer is subject to a penalty of 2% per month until the date the taxpayer provides the information required by the Department (but see the following paragraph). If you do not correctly retransmit the ACH deposit by the due date, it is subject to penalty and interest. The Department assesses penalty -- or penalty and interest -- for failure to file, failure to remit payment, or failure to use the proper technical format, whichever amount is greater.

There is a five-day grace period in the application of penalty for taxpayers who make electronic payments of any tax when the payment does not include all information the Department requires. For the grace period to apply, the Department or its fiscal agent must have received payment by the due date, the payment must be traceable to the taxpayer, and the taxpayer must provide the information the Department requires within five business days.

**SPECIAL PAYMENT PROCEDURES**

*Important:* If you pay by ACH or Fedwire, make sure to check the appropriate box on the Form CRS-1 or the OGT-1 return.

---HOW TO PAY BY CHECK---

If you pay by check, we suggest you include your return with your payment to ensure proper credit to your account. It is also suggested that you write your tax identification number and the period that the payment applies to on your check. In any event, the return must be postmarked or received by the Department no later than the filing-due date (see the {Timely Filing} section) or you will receive a penalty for late filing. The date the payment was received is either the postmark date or the date the check was received by the Department. receives the check is the date of payment. **Make all checks payable to the New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department.**

**Check drawn on any New Mexico financial institution.** The Department’s Santa Fe office must receive the taxpayer’s check at least one banking day before the filing-due date.

**Check drawn on any domestic non-New Mexico financial institution.** The Department’s Santa Fe office must get the taxpayer’s check at least two banking days before the filing-due date.

Checks delivered to a Taxation and Revenue field office (Albuquerque, Farmington, Las Cruces, and Roswell) or the Santa Fe Main Office are shown as received that same day.

Notice: When you provide a check as payment, you authorize the Taxation and Revenue Department either to use information for your check to make a one-time electronic fund transfer from your account, or to process the payment as a check transaction.

---HOW TO MAKE A FEDWIRE TRANSFER---

Fedwire is a payment service operated by the Federal Reserve System as a private wire network for transfers between financial institutions holding accounts at the Federal Reserve Bank.

The Fedwire is initiated by your bank or company, made payable to the New Mexico State Treasurer, and deposited with the state’s fiscal agent, which is Wells Fargo Bank. You will need to provide your bank or computer programmer with the correct bank account information.

**Timely Filing and Fedwire Transfers.** The due date for Fedwire transfers is the same as the due
date for tax returns. The Department must have access to the funds on the due date, so check with your bank to determine the day to initiate the Fedwire. In many cases you can initiate the Fedwire transfer on the same day as the return’s filing-due date. Remember to consider Saturdays, Sundays and bank holidays when you determine the filing-due date; see Timely Filing under the General Information section.

You must make a separate Fedwire transfer for each tax return filed even if the returns are part of the same tax group. For example, if you file gross receipts tax on one Form CRS-1 and withholding tax on a separate Form CRS-1, you must make two Fedwire transfers. If your Fedwire transfer is not transmitted in the proper format described below, you will be assessed penalty (See the Penalties section on page 3).

Identification Information You Will Need. Each tax program has a separate receiving bank account number. Bank account numbers are listed here without hyphens because hyphens are not used in transmitting. These numbers are:

- CRS Taxes 4123107773
- Oil & Gas Taxes 4123107708
- Natural Gas Processors Tax 4123107708
- Fuel Taxes 4123107807
- State Oil & Gas Royalties 4123107674
- (State Land Office bank account)
- Health Care Quality Surcharge 4027878792
- Insurance Premium Tax 4028868537

The Transit and Routing Number, also known as the ABA Number, is the numeric address for the Wells Fargo Bank within the Federal Reserve System. This number, presented without hyphens, is:

ABA Number 121000248

The contact information for the state’s fiscal agent is:

Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.
New Mexico Commercial Banking
200 Lomas Blvd. NW
MAC Q2129-103
Albuquerque, NM 87102

Wells Fargo ACH Operations – 800-745-2426
Wells Fargo Wire Transfer Operations – 800-394-8115
**Fedwire Instructions.** Complete instructions for the Fedwire format should be obtained from your fiscal agent. See the *Technical Appendix* for other file formats you may need. The information required in the “details of payment” area of the wire form should follow TXP WIRE, containing Department specific fields as follows:

### DETAILS OF PAYMENT - TXP FEDWIRE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Sequence</th>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Field Contents</th>
<th>Columns From – To For Max</th>
<th>Length (CHAR) Min/Max</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Segment Identifier (Mandatory)</td>
<td>&quot;TXP&quot;</td>
<td>1 – 3</td>
<td>3/3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Delimiter (Mandatory)</td>
<td>&quot;+&quot;</td>
<td>4 – 4</td>
<td>1/1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Taxpayer ID Number (Mandatory)</td>
<td>Numeric</td>
<td>5 – 15</td>
<td>1/11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Delimiter (Mandatory)</td>
<td>&quot;+&quot;</td>
<td>16 – 16</td>
<td>1/1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Tax Program (Mandatory)</td>
<td>Numeric</td>
<td>17 – 19</td>
<td>1/3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Delimiter (Mandatory)</td>
<td>&quot;+&quot;</td>
<td>20 – 20</td>
<td>1/1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Report Date (Mandatory)</td>
<td>CCYYMMDD</td>
<td>21 – 28</td>
<td>8/8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Delimiter (Mandatory)</td>
<td>&quot;+&quot;</td>
<td>29 – 29</td>
<td>1/1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Tax Amount Type (Mandatory)</td>
<td>&quot;T&quot;</td>
<td>30 – 30</td>
<td>1/1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Delimiter (Mandatory)</td>
<td>&quot;+&quot;</td>
<td>31 – 31</td>
<td>1/1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Total Amount Paid (Mandatory)</td>
<td>Numeric</td>
<td>32 – 41</td>
<td>1/10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Terminator (Mandatory)</td>
<td>&quot;-&quot;</td>
<td>42 – 42</td>
<td>1/1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1) **Segment Identifier**
   - This field should have the value “TXP”, which serves as the name of the segment.

2) **Delimiter**
   - The delimiter or data element separator is used to separate fields (data elements) within a segment. The character to be used as a delimiter for WIRES is the plus sign (+).

3) **Tax ID Number**
   - **Tax Identification number:**
     - Combined Reporting System (CRS) and fuel taxes taxpayers should enter their 11-digit CRS identification number/ New Mexico taxpayer identification number.
     - Oil & Gas Taxes, Natural Gas Processors Tax, and Oil & Gas Royalties taxpayers should enter their oil & gas reporting identification number (OGRID).
     - Health Care Quality Surcharge taxpayers should enter their 4-digit Department of Health license number.
     - IRP/IFTA taxpayers should enter their federal employee identification number (FEIN).
     - All others should enter their 11-digit tax identification number (CRS number) or if this number is not known, their 9-digit FEIN.
4) Delimiter  (+) see field 2 above.

5) Tax Program  Fill in one of the three-digit numbers applicable to the tax you are submitting payment for.


"011"  for Withholding Tax only

"040"  for Fuel Taxes

"043"  for Compensating Tax only

"082"  for Natural Gas Processors Tax

"084"  for Oil & Gas Taxes

"087"  for State Oil & Gas Royalties

"051"  for Health Care Quality Surcharge

"061"  for Insurance Premium Life and Health (includes Health Insurance Surtax)

"062"  for Insurance Premium Casualty, Property, and Vehicle

"063"  for Insurance Premium Surplus Lines Tax

6) Delimiter  (+) see field 2 above.

7) Report Date  Enter an eight-digit date using format CCYYMMDD. Example: Enter 20200630 for the tax period ending June 30, 2020.

8) Delimiter  (+) see field 2 above.

9) Tax Amount Type  Enter "T".

10) Delimiter  (+) see field 2 above.

11) Total Amount Paid  Enter up to 10 numbers to indicate the amount to be transmitted. Include cents but not a decimal, commas or other special character. Example: Enter $12,560,700.15 as 1256070015.

12) Terminator  The terminator denotes the end of the segment. The value of this field should be a dash (-) for WIRES.

Examples. Here are completed examples of WIRES for a CRS taxpayer, Oil & Gas taxpayer, Natural Gas Processors Tax taxpayer, and Fuel Tax taxpayer. Please contact the State Land Office for Oil & Gas Royalty examples or information at 505-827-5760.

TXP+0200011008+046+20100630+T+450012-
TXP+00000001656+084+20100630+T+700050-
Please note that the delimiters are plus signs (+), the ending delimiter is a dash (-) and that zeros have been added to OGRID taxpayer identification numbers.

This document does not cover the new federal banking requirement dealing with international ACH transactions (IAT). Please consult your financial institution if this transaction originates in a financial institution located within the territorial jurisdiction of the United States. The transaction is not an IAT if the account is located in a financial institution that is:

- Located within the United States;
- Located on a United States military base; or
- Located in American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico or the U.S. Virgin Islands.

--HOW TO MAKE AN AUTOMATED CLEARINGHOUSE (ACH) DEPOSIT--

An Automated Clearinghouse (ACH) deposit, an electronically transmitted credit, uses specific formats detailed in this section. The ACH deposit is made payable to the New Mexico State Treasurer and deposited with the state’s fiscal agent, which is Wells Fargo Bank.

Use the TXP (tax payment) format of the CCD Plus application as outlined by the National Automated Clearinghouse Association (NACHA) guidelines to make the ACH deposit. This section includes the formatting information you must use or provide to your ACH deposit initiator. See the Technical Appendix for other file formats you may need. Taxpayers are responsible for making the arrangements necessary to transmit an ACH deposit.

The options are:

**Use your bank.** If your bank is set up to initiate ACH deposits using the TXP format of the CCD Plus application, arrangements can be made with your bank to initiate ACH transfers to the State of New Mexico. In this case your bank is the “originating depository financial institution.” You must provide the information detailed in this section to your bank.

**Use a cash management service.** Cash management services also can initiate an ACH deposit using the required format. Usually you can provide the required information to the cash management service by telephone. The service then sends the information to the “originating depository financial institution.” It may be possible for you to authorize an ACH transfer through your computer by subscribing to a software package offered by one of these services.

The Taxation and Revenue Department's fiscal agent rejects any payment not in compliance with required procedures. This may result in penalty and interest assessments.

**First-time Users.** No matter which of the three options you choose, if you are a first-time ACH user you must conduct a “prenote test” with your financial institution. The prenote test is a banking industry safeguard used to verify the acceptability of your routing/transit number and bank account number.

*The prenote test is not a requirement of the Taxation and Revenue Department; however, a monetary prenote of .01 or more will confirm that the addendum and monetary field formats have been set up properly.*
**Timely Filing and ACH Payments.** For the ACH payment to be timely, the Department must have **access to the funds** on or before the tax return’s filing-due date. This means you must **authorize the transfer** at least one banking day before the tax return’s filing-due date.

Remember to consider Saturdays, Sundays and bank holidays when you determine the filing-due date; see **Timely Filing** under the **General Information** section. For example, if Christmas falls on a Monday, the due date for November CRS taxes becomes Tuesday, December 26th. To ensure timely payment you need to initiate the ACH deposit no later than Friday, December 22.

If your ACH deposit does not arrive in the proper format, the Department is unable to process it. ACH deposits not properly retransmitted by the due date are subject to penalty and interest. (See the **Penalties** section.) If payment is transmitted in a timely way in the proper format but some of the required information is missing or incorrect, penalty may apply. In such a case, there is a five-day grace period applied to penalty if the electronic payment reaches the Department or its fiscal agent in a timely fashion and is traceable to the taxpayer. The taxpayer has five business days to provide the correct transmission information before the application of penalty.

**Identification Information You Will Need.** There is a separate receiving bank account number for each tax program. (Bank account numbers are listed here without hyphens because hyphens are not used in transmitting.) These numbers are:

- CRS Taxes 4123107773
- Oil & Gas Taxes 4123107708
- Natural Gas Processors Tax 4123107708
- Fuel Taxes 4123107807
- State Oil & Gas Royalties 4123107674
- (State Land Office bank account)
- Health Care Quality Surcharge 4027878792
- Insurance Premium Tax 4028868537

The Transit and Routing Number, also known as the ABA Number, is the numeric address for Wells Fargo Bank within the Federal Reserve System. This number (presented without hyphens) is:

ABA Number 121000248

The contact information for the state’s fiscal agent is:

- Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.
  New Mexico Commercial Banking
  200 Lomas Blvd. NW
  MAC Q2129-103
  Albuquerque, NM 87102

- Wells Fargo ACH Operations – (800) 745-2426
- Wells Fargo Wire Transfer Operations – (800) 394-8115

**Note:** This document does not cover the new federal banking requirement dealing with **international ACH transactions (IAT).** Please consult your financial institution if this transaction originates in a financial institution located within the territorial jurisdiction of the United States.
The transaction is not an IAT if the account is located in a financial institution that is:
- Located within the United States;
- Located on a United States military base; or
- Located in American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico or the U.S. Virgin Islands.

TECHNICAL APPENDIX

This technical appendix provides specifications for the following file formats:

Table 1: File Header Record Format..............................page 11
Table 2: Company/Batch Header Record Format............page 13
Table 3: Entry Detail Record Format...............................page 16
Table 4: Special Addenda Record Format -
TXP (NACHA) Convention .................................page 18
Table 5: Company/Batch Control Record Format .........page 22
Table 6: File Control Record Format ......................page 24

In the **TXP Format of the CCD Plus Application (NACHA) Convention** there are three types of data fields. Whether a data field is Mandatory, Optional, or Required is noted in the Field Sequence column on each record format table by “M”, “O”, or “R”.

1) **Mandatory**
   Any "Mandatory" field not included in an ACH entry will cause that entry, batch, or file to be rejected and returned to the Originating DFI (Depository Financial Institution) by the first ACH processing the file. A "Mandatory" field is necessary to ensure the proper routing and/or posting of an ACH entry.

2) **Optional**
   The inclusion or omission of an "Optional" data field is at the discretion of the originating company and DFI; however, if a DFI originates files using optional data fields, these fields must be returned to the Originating DFI if the entry is returned.

3) **Required**
   The omission of a "Required" field will not cause an entry reject at the ACH Operator, but may cause a reject at the Receiving DFI. Data classified as "Required" should be included by the Originating Company and DFI to avoid processing control problems at the Receiving DFI.

**Justification of Field Contents.** For all of the specifications tables that follow, when Field Contents are alphanumeric, information should be left-justified, with any remaining right spaces left blank. When Field Contents in batch headers and batch information are numeric, information should be right justified. Fill any remaining spaces at the left with zeros.
Table 1: File Header Record Format

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Sequence</th>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Field Contents</th>
<th>Columns From - To</th>
<th>Length (CHAR)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 (M)</td>
<td>Record Type Code</td>
<td>&quot;1&quot;</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 (R)</td>
<td>Priority Code</td>
<td>&quot;01&quot;</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 (M)</td>
<td>Immediate Destination ID Number</td>
<td>&quot;b121000248&quot;</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 (M)</td>
<td>Immediate Origin ID Number</td>
<td>&quot;bTTTAAAAAC&quot;</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 (M)</td>
<td>Transmission Date</td>
<td>YYMMDD</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 (O)</td>
<td>Transmission Time</td>
<td>HHMM</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7 (M)</td>
<td>File ID Modifier</td>
<td>Alphanumeric</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 (M)</td>
<td>Record Size</td>
<td>&quot;094&quot;</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 (M)</td>
<td>Blocking Factor</td>
<td>&quot;10&quot;</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 (M)</td>
<td>Format Code</td>
<td>&quot;1&quot;</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11 (M)</td>
<td>Immediate Destination Name</td>
<td>Alphanumeric</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 (M)</td>
<td>Immediate Origin Name</td>
<td>Alphanumeric</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>86</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13 (O)</td>
<td>Reference Code</td>
<td>Alphanumeric</td>
<td>87</td>
<td>94</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**EXPLANATION OF FIELDS IN FILE HEADER RECORD FORMAT**

1. **Record Type Code — MANDATORY**
   This field should have the value of "1" to identify this record as a File Header Record.

2. **Priority Code — REQUIRED**
   This field is included to allow for some future scheme for priority handling of files. At this time a value of "01" should be used.

3. **Immediate Destination ID Number — MANDATORY**
   This field identifies the DFI receiving the data for the transaction. The ten-character format begins with a blank in the first position, followed by the ABA number for Wells Fargo Bank (121000248).

4. **Immediate Origin ID Number — MANDATORY**
   This field identifies the DFI sending the data for the transaction. The ten-character format begins with a blank in the first position, followed by the four-digit transit number, the four-digit ABA number, and then the Check Digit which should be in position 10.

5. **Transmission Date — MANDATORY**
   The Transmission (File Creation) Date is the date on which the data file is prepared by an
Originating DFI (ACH Input files) or the date (Exchange Date) on which a file is transmitted from ACH to ACH, or from ACH to Receiving DFI (ACH Output Files). The Transmission Date is expressed in "YYMMDD" format.

6. Transmission Time — OPTIONAL
The Transmission (File Creation) Time is expressed in an "HHMM" (24-hour clock) format.

7. File ID Modifier — MANDATORY
The File ID Modifier is provided in the File Header Record to distinguish among multiple files created on the same date between the same participants. The company may establish a code within the letters A through Z.

8. Record Size — MANDATORY
The Record Size field indicates the number of characters contained in each record. At this time the value "094" must be used.

9. Blocking Factor — MANDATORY
The Blocking Factor for magnetic tape files defines the number of physical records within a magnetic tape block. For all tapes moving between a DFI and an ACH (either way) the value "10" must be used.

10. Format Code — MANDATORY
This code allows for future format variations. As currently defined, the format for the tape files containing paperless entries is value "1".

11. Immediate Destination Name — MANDATORY
The name of the ACH is in this record to provide additional identification information.

12. Immediate Origin Name — MANDATORY
The name of the ACH is in this record to provide additional identification information.

13. Reference Code — OPTIONAL
This field is reserved for information pertinent to the sender.
Table 2: Company/Batch Header Record Format

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Sequence</th>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Field Contents</th>
<th>Columns From - To</th>
<th>Length (CHAR)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 (M)</td>
<td>Record Type Code</td>
<td>&quot;5&quot;</td>
<td>1 1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 (M)</td>
<td>Service Class Code</td>
<td>&quot;200&quot;</td>
<td>2 4</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 (M)</td>
<td>Sending Company Name</td>
<td>Alphanumeric</td>
<td>5 20</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 (O)</td>
<td>Company Discretionary Data</td>
<td>Alphanumeric</td>
<td>21 40</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 (R)</td>
<td>Taxpayer ID Number</td>
<td>Alphanumeric</td>
<td>41 50</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 (M)</td>
<td>Standard Entry Class Code</td>
<td>&quot;CCD&quot;</td>
<td>51 53</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7 (M)</td>
<td>Company Entry Description</td>
<td>Alphanumeric</td>
<td>54 63</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 (O)</td>
<td>Company Descriptive Date</td>
<td>Alphanumeric</td>
<td>64 69</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 (R)</td>
<td>Effective Entry Date</td>
<td>YYMMDD</td>
<td>70 75</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Settlement Date (Julian)</td>
<td>Numeric</td>
<td>76 78</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11 (M)</td>
<td>Originator Status Code</td>
<td>&quot;1&quot;</td>
<td>79 79</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 (M)</td>
<td>Originating DFI Identification</td>
<td>&quot;TTTTAAAA&quot;</td>
<td>80 87</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13 (M)</td>
<td>Batch Number</td>
<td>Numeric</td>
<td>88 94</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**EXPLANATION OF FIELDS IN COMPANY/BATCH HEADER RECORD FORMAT**

1. **Record Type Code — MANDATORY**
   This field should have the value of "5" to identify this record as a Company/Batch Header Record.

2. **Service Class Code — MANDATORY**
   The Service Class Code (BAI specifications) identifies the general classification of dollar entries to be exchanged. This standard has been recommended to facilitate inter-DFI transmission of data. The code we have been assigned is: "200" = ACH Entries Mixed Debits and Credits.

3. **Sending Company Name — MANDATORY**
   The company establishes the value of this field to further identify the source of the entry and for descriptive purposes of the receiver or customer.

4. **Company Discretionary Data — OPTIONAL**
   This field allows companies and/or Originating DFIs to include codes (one or more) of significance only to them to enable specialized handling of all subsequent entries in that batch. This field must be returned intact on any return entry.

5. **Taxpayer Identification Number — REQUIRED**
   Insert the first ten positions (excluding hyphens) of the Taxpayer ID assigned by the Taxation and Revenue Department for the specific tax you are paying. This field should be left-justified and the unused spaces filled with blanks.
~ Combined Reporting System (CRS) and fuel taxes taxpayers should enter their 11-digit CRS identification number/ New Mexico taxpayer identification number.
~ Oil & Gas Taxes, Natural Gas Processors Tax, and Oil & Gas Royalties taxpayers should enter their oil & gas reporting identification number (OGRID).
~ Health Care Quality Surcharge taxpayers should enter their 4-digit Department of Health license number.
~ IRP/IFTA taxpayers should enter their federal employee identification number (FEIN).
~ All others should enter their 11-digit tax identification number (CRS number) or if this number is not known, their 9-digit FEIN.

For example, if the Taxpayer ID for a company paying gross receipts tax is "01-999999-009", the value in this field would be "01999999009". If for a company paying Oil & Gas Taxes the Taxpayer ID is "1656", the value in this field would then be "1656bbbbbb".

6. Standard Entry Class Code — MANDATORY
This field is mnemonic which permits various kinds of entries to be distinguished. The code we have been assigned is: "CCD" = Cash Concentration or Disbursement.

7. Company Entry Description — MANDATORY
The company establishes the value of this field as a description of the purpose of the entry when displayed to the receiver. All values in this field should be left-justified and have the unused spaces blank. The values to be used are:

   "CRS" for Combined Reporting System Taxes (see listing on page 2)
   "NGP" for Natural Gas Processors Tax
   "OGT" for Oil & Gas Taxes (see listing on page 2)
   "CFT" for Fuel Taxes (see listing on page 2)
   "HCQ" for Health Care Quality Surcharge
   "IPT" for Insurance Premium Tax
   "ROY" for State Oil & Gas Royalties
   "REVERSAL" for a batch containing reversing entries

8. Company Descriptive Date — OPTIONAL
The company establishes this field as the date it would like to see displayed for descriptive purposes. This field is never used to control timing of any computer or manual operation. It is solely for descriptive purposes. For example, to identify the Reporting Period of June 2010 use the format "JUNE10."

9. Effective Entry Date — REQUIRED
This is the date specified by the company on which settlement for an entry is to occur. Settlement for all remittances to the Taxation and Revenue Department is the 25th of each month. Due to this standard, processing and transmittal of entries by the Originating ACH Operator should take place one or two banking days prior to the date specified. The Originating ACH shall insert the next banking day after the processing date as the effective entry date when this field is totally blank or zero, partially blank, partially non-numeric, non-numeric, or when it contains an incomplete date, day numbers higher than 31, or month numbers higher than 12.

10. Settlement Date (Julian)
The scheduled settlement date with respect to entries is inserted by the Receiving ACH.

11. Originator Status Code — MANDATORY
This code identifies the type of originator of an entry. The currently assigned value is "1". This code identifies the originator as a depository financial institution which has agreed to be bound by these rules.

12. Originating DFI Identification — MANDATORY
The eight-character format used in this field begins with the four-digit transit number, followed by the four-digit ABA number to identify the DFI originating entries within a given batch.

13. Batch Number — MANDATORY
This number, assigned in ascending sequence to each batch in a given file of entries, is designated by the Sending Point. Since the batch number in this record and the Company Batch Control record are the same, the ascending sequence number should be assigned by batch and not by record. This field should be right-justified and zero-filled.
### Table 3: Entry Detail Record Format

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Sequence</th>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Field Contents</th>
<th>Columns From - To</th>
<th>Length (CHAR)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 (M)</td>
<td>Record Type Code</td>
<td>&quot;6&quot;</td>
<td>1 - 1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 (M)</td>
<td>Transaction Code</td>
<td>&quot;22&quot;</td>
<td>2 - 3</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 (M)</td>
<td>Receiving DFI Identification</td>
<td>&quot;12100024&quot;</td>
<td>4 - 11</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 (M)</td>
<td>Receiving DFI Check Digit</td>
<td>&quot;8&quot;</td>
<td>12 - 12</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 (M)</td>
<td>Account Number</td>
<td>Alphanumeric</td>
<td>13 - 9</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 (M)</td>
<td>Deposit Amount</td>
<td>$$$$$$$cc</td>
<td>38 - 9</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7 (O)</td>
<td>Individual ID Number</td>
<td>Alphanumeric</td>
<td>40 - 54</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 (M)</td>
<td>Company Name</td>
<td>Alphanumeric</td>
<td>55 - 76</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 (O)</td>
<td>Discretionary Data</td>
<td>Alphanumeric</td>
<td>77 - 78</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 (M)</td>
<td>Addenda Record Indicator</td>
<td>&quot;1&quot;</td>
<td>79 - 79</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11 (M)</td>
<td>Trace Number</td>
<td>Numeric</td>
<td>80 - 94</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Explanation of Fields in Entry Detail Record Format

1. **Record Type Code — MANDATORY**
   This field should have the value of "6" to identify this record as an Entry Detail Record.

2. **Transaction Code — MANDATORY**
   A Transaction Code has been defined to identify deposit entries. The assigned value is: "22" = Automated Deposit.

3. **Receiving DFI Identification — MANDATORY**
   The eight-character format used in this field begins with the 4-digit transit number, followed by the four-digit ABA number to identify the DFI receiving entries within a given batch. The value is "12100024".

4. **Receiving DFI Check Digit — MANDATORY**
   The Check Digit number is "8".

5. **Account Number — MANDATORY**
   The Account Number field identifies the appropriate account used for posting of remittance deposits. This field should have one of the values listed below. This field should be left-justified and the unused spaces blank:

   - 4123107773 for Combined Reporting System Taxes (see listing on page 2)
   - 4123107708 for Oil & Gas Taxes (see listing on page 2)
   - 4123107708 for Natural Gas Processors Tax
   - 4123107807 for Fuel Taxes (see listing on page 2)
6. Deposit Amount — MANDATORY
The Receiving DFI posts this deposit amount to the appropriate account authorized by the sender. This field should be right-justified and unused spaces filled by zeros. No decimal point is used.

7. Individual ID Number — OPTIONAL

8. Company Name — MANDATORY

9. Discretionary Data — OPTIONAL
This field allows Originating DFIs to include codes significant only to them to enable specialized handling of the entry. There will be no standardized interpretation for the value of this field. It can either be a single, two-character code, or two distinct one-character codes, according to the needs of the Originating DFI and/or company. This field must be returned intact for any returned entry.

10. Addenda Record Indicator — MANDATORY
This field should have the value of "1" which indicates that one Special Addenda Record follows.

11. Trace Number — MANDATORY
A Trace Number, assigned by the Originating DFI in ascending sequence, is included in each Entry Detail Record. Trace Numbers uniquely identify each entry within a batch in an ACH input file. In association with the batch number, transmission (file creation) date, and file ID modifier, the Trace Number uniquely identifies an entry within a given file.

Throughout the entire processing cycle (from Originating DFI to Receiving DFI) the Trace Number remains with the entry record. The Trace Number is critical in routing returned entries from the Receiving DFI back to the Originating DFI through the ACH. Since it is possible, although undesirable, for an Originating DFI to duplicate Trace Numbers on separate files or within different batches submitted during the same processing date, the file ID modifier in the Originating DFI’s File Header Record should also be referenced when the Originating DFI traces returned entries.

The Trace Number is constructed as follows:

Positions:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>01-04</th>
<th>Transit/Routing Number of Originating DFI</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>05-08</td>
<td>ABA Number of Originating DFI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>09-15</td>
<td>Entry Detail Sequence Number — the item number assigned in ascending order to entries within each batch. Provisions should be made by the Originating DFI to avoid duplication of Trace Numbers if multiple data files are prepared on the same day. Trace Numbers are not required to be contiguous. This section should be right-justified and have unused spaces filled with zeros.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 4: Special Addenda Record Format — TXP (NACHA) Convention

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Sequence</th>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Field Contents</th>
<th>Columns From – To For Max</th>
<th>Length (CHAR) Min/Max</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 (M)</td>
<td>Record Type Code</td>
<td>&quot;7&quot;</td>
<td>1 1</td>
<td>1/1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 (M)</td>
<td>Addenda Type Code</td>
<td>&quot;05&quot;</td>
<td>2 3</td>
<td>2/2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>TXP ADDENDUM START</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 (M)</td>
<td>Segment Identifier</td>
<td>&quot;TXP&quot;</td>
<td>4 6</td>
<td>3/3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 (M)</td>
<td>Separator</td>
<td>&quot;**&quot;</td>
<td>7 7</td>
<td>1/1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 (M)</td>
<td>Taxpayer ID Number</td>
<td>Numeric</td>
<td>8 18</td>
<td>1/11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 (M)</td>
<td>Separator</td>
<td>&quot;**&quot;</td>
<td>19 19</td>
<td>1/1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7 (M)</td>
<td>Tax Program</td>
<td>Numeric</td>
<td>20 22</td>
<td>1/3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 (M)</td>
<td>Separator</td>
<td>&quot;**&quot;</td>
<td>23 23</td>
<td>1/1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 (M)</td>
<td>Report Date</td>
<td>CCYMMDD</td>
<td>24 31</td>
<td>8/8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 (M)</td>
<td>Separator</td>
<td>&quot;**&quot;</td>
<td>32 32</td>
<td>1/1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11 (M)</td>
<td>Tax Amount Type</td>
<td>&quot;T&quot;</td>
<td>33 33</td>
<td>1/1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 (M)</td>
<td>Separator</td>
<td>&quot;**&quot;</td>
<td>34 34</td>
<td>1/1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13 (M)</td>
<td>Total Amount Paid</td>
<td>Numeric</td>
<td>35 44</td>
<td>1/10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14 (M)</td>
<td>Terminator</td>
<td>&quot;/&quot;</td>
<td>45 45</td>
<td>1/1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>TXP ADDENDUM END</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
<td>Blanks</td>
<td>83 83</td>
<td>1/1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16 (M)</td>
<td>Special Addenda Sequence Number</td>
<td>&quot;0001&quot;</td>
<td>84 87</td>
<td>4/4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17 (M)</td>
<td>Entry Detail Sequence Number</td>
<td>Numeric</td>
<td>88 94</td>
<td>7/7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

EXPLANATION OF FIELDS IN SPECIAL ADDENDA RECORD - FORMAT TXP (NACHA) CONVENTION

Examples of this format are on page 21.

1. **Record Type Code — MANDATORY**
   This field should have the value of "7" to identify this record as a Special Addenda Record.

2. **Addenda Type Code — MANDATORY**
   This field should have the value of "05" which will identify this record as containing Special Addenda Information applying to "CCD" (Cash Concentration or Disbursement) entries.
3. Segment Identifier — MANDATORY
This field should have the value "TXP", which serves as the name of the segment.

4. Separator — MANDATORY
The separator or data element separator is used to separate fields (data elements) within a segment. The character to be used as a separator is the asterisk (*).

5. Taxpayer ID Number — MANDATORY
The value in this field should be the Taxpayer ID assigned by the Taxation and Revenue Department for the specific tax you are paying (New Mexico CRS or OGRID identification number).

   ~ Combined Reporting System (CRS) and fuel taxes taxpayers should enter their 11-digit CRS identification number/ New Mexico taxpayer identification number.
   ~ Oil & Gas Taxes, Natural Gas Processors Tax, and Oil & Gas Royalties taxpayers should enter their oil & gas reporting identification number (OGRID).
   ~ Health Care Quality Surcharge taxpayers should enter their 4-digit Department of Health license number.
   ~ IRP/IFTA taxpayers should enter their federal employee identification number (FEIN).
   ~ All others should enter their 11-digit tax identification number (CRS number) or if this number is not known, their 9-digit FEIN.

For example, if the Taxpayer ID for a company paying Gross Receipts Tax is "01-987654-003", the value in this field should be "01987654003". For a company paying Oil & Gas Tax with ID number "1656", it could be "1656" or 11 digits left filled with zeroes as "00000001656".

6. Separator — MANDATORY
The separator or data element separator separates fields (data elements) within a segment. The character used as a separator is the asterisk (*).

7. Tax Program — MANDATORY — Variable Length (min 1 - max 5)
This field provides an identifier pertinent to the type of tax being paid by this transaction. The values to be used are:

   "011" for Withholding Tax only
   "040" for Fuel Taxes
   "043" for Compensating Tax only
   "082" for Natural Gas Processors Tax
   "084" for Oil & Gas Taxes
   "087" for State Oil & Gas Royalties
“051” for Health Care Quality Surcharge
“061” for Insurance Premium Life and Health (includes Health Insurance Surtax)
“062” for Insurance Premium Casualty, Property, and Vehicle
“063” for Insurance Premium Surplus Lines Tax

8. **Separator — MANDATORY**
The separator or data element separator separates fields (data elements) within a segment. The character used as a separator is the asterisk (*).

9. **Report Date — MANDATORY**
This field should identify the last day of the reporting period to which this transaction applies (CCYYMMDD). For example, to identify the reporting period of June 30, 2020, the format of "20200630" should be used.

10. **Separator — MANDATORY**
The separator or data element separator separates fields (data elements) within a segment. The character used as a separator is the asterisk (*).

11. **Tax Amount Type — MANDATORY**
The amount type is used to identify the type of amount that follows. The character used is “T” to indicate tax amount type.

12. **Separator — MANDATORY**
The separator or data element separator separates fields (data elements) within a segment. The character used as a separator is the asterisk (*).

13. **Total Amount Paid — MANDATORY — Variable Length (min 1 - max 10)**
This field is the total amount (Gross Receipts Tax, Compensating Tax, Withholding Tax, Oil & Gas Tax, Natural Gas Processors Tax, Fuel Taxes or State Oil & Gas Royalties and may include penalty and interest) being remitted for the identified tax in the tax program field. This field should always contain cents (cc) but will not include decimal or other characters. For example, if the total amount is $31,233.52, the value in this field should be "3123352".

14. **Terminator — MANDATORY**
The terminator denotes the end of the segment. The value of this field should be "/".

TXP ADDENDUM END

15. **Reserved — To be filled with blanks**

16. **Special Addenda Sequence Number — MANDATORY**
This field should have the value of "0001" since only one Special Addenda Record can be created for each Entry Detail Record.

17. **Entry Detail Sequence Number — MANDATORY**
This field contains the ascending sequence number section of the Entry Detail Record's Trace Number. This number is the same as the last 7 digits of the Trace Number of the related Entry Detail Record.
**Examples.** Following are examples of taxpayer information expressed in the Special Addenda Record Format - TXP (NACHA) Convention.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Example 1: Gross Receipts Tax</th>
<th>Example 2: Compensating Tax</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Taxpayer ID#:</strong> 01111111009</td>
<td><strong>Taxpayer ID#:</strong> 02000111008</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tax type:</strong> Gross Receipts Tax (046)</td>
<td><strong>Tax type:</strong> Compensating Tax (043)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>For the reporting period of:</strong> June 30, 2010</td>
<td><strong>For the reporting period of:</strong> September 30, 2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Amount owed:</strong> $99,999.99</td>
<td><strong>Amount owed:</strong> $33,333.99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Penalty owed:</strong> $999.99</td>
<td><strong>Penalty owed:</strong> $0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Interest owed:</strong> $999.99</td>
<td><strong>Interest owed:</strong> $0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total amount paid:</strong> $101,999.97</td>
<td><strong>Total amount paid:</strong> $33,333.99</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The information in this example would be formatted as follows:

TXP*01111111009*046*20100630*T*10199997

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Example 3: Oil &amp; Gas Tax</th>
<th>Example 4: Natural Gas Processors Tax</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Taxpayer (OGRID) ID#:</strong> 1656</td>
<td><strong>Taxpayer (OGRID) ID#:</strong> 90333</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tax type:</strong> Oil &amp; Gas Tax (084)</td>
<td><strong>Tax type:</strong> Nat. Gas Processors Tax (082)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>For the reporting period of:</strong> October 31, 2010</td>
<td><strong>For the reporting period of:</strong> October 31, 2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Amount owed:</strong> $44,444.99</td>
<td><strong>Amount owed:</strong> $30,000.89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total amount paid:</strong> $44,444.99</td>
<td><strong>Total amount paid:</strong> $30,000.89</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The information in this example would be formatted as follows:

TXP*1656*084*20101031*T*4444499

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Example 5: Fuel Tax</th>
<th>Example 6: State Oil &amp; Gas Royalties</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Taxpayer ID#:</strong> 011234567001</td>
<td><strong>Taxpayer (OGRID) ID#:</strong> 1656</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tax type:</strong> Fuel Tax (040)</td>
<td><strong>Tax type:</strong> Oil &amp; Gas Royalties (087)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>For the reporting period of:</strong> November 30, 2010</td>
<td><strong>For the reporting period of:</strong> December 31, 2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Amount owed:</strong> $105.32</td>
<td><strong>Amount owed:</strong> $44,444.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total amount paid:</strong> $105.32</td>
<td><strong>Total amount paid:</strong> $44,444.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The information in this example would be formatted as follows:

TXP*01234567001*040*20101130*T*10532

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Example 6: State Oil &amp; Gas Royalties</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Taxpayer (OGRID) ID#:</strong> 1656</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tax type:</strong> Oil &amp; Gas Royalties (087)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>For the reporting period of:</strong> December 31, 2010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Amount owed:</strong> $44,444.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total amount paid:</strong> $44,444.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The information in this example would be formatted as follows:

TXP*1656*087*20101231*T*4444400
### Table 5: Company/Batch Control Record Format

**COMPANY/BATCH CONTROL RECORD FORMAT**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Sequence</th>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Field Contents</th>
<th>Columns From - To</th>
<th>Length (CHAR)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 (M)</td>
<td>Record Type Code</td>
<td>&quot;8&quot;</td>
<td>1 - 1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 (M)</td>
<td>Service Class Code</td>
<td>&quot;200&quot;</td>
<td>2 - 4</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 (M)</td>
<td>Entry/Addenda Count</td>
<td>Numeric</td>
<td>5 - 10</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 (M)</td>
<td>Entry Hash</td>
<td>Numeric</td>
<td>11 - 20</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 (M)</td>
<td>Total Debit Entry Amount</td>
<td>$$$$$$$$$$cc</td>
<td>21 - 32</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 (M)</td>
<td>Total Credit Entry Amount</td>
<td>$$$$$$$$$$cc</td>
<td>33 - 44</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7 (R)</td>
<td>Taxpayer ID Number</td>
<td>Alphanumeric</td>
<td>45 - 54</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
<td>Blanks</td>
<td>55 - 73</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
<td>Blanks</td>
<td>74 - 79</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 (M)</td>
<td>Originating DFI Identification</td>
<td>&quot;TTTTAAAA&quot;</td>
<td>80 - 87</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11 (M)</td>
<td>Batch Number</td>
<td>Numeric</td>
<td>88 - 94</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**EXPLANATION OF FIELDS IN COMPANY/BATCH CONTROL RECORD FORMAT**

1. **Record Type Code — MANDATORY**
   This field should have the value of "8" to identify this record as a Company/Batch Control Record.

2. **Service Class Code — MANDATORY**
   The Service Class Code (BAI specifications) identifies the general classification of dollar entries to be exchanged. This standard has been recommended to facilitate inter-DFI transmission of data. The code we have been assigned is: "200" = ACH Entries Mixed Debits and Credits.

3. **Entry/Addenda Count — MANDATORY**
   This count is a tally of each Entry Detail Record and each Special Addenda Record processed within either the batch or file, as may be appropriate.

4. **Entry Hash — MANDATORY**
   The critical Transit/Routing number in each entry is hashed (check digits programmed by the bank) to protect against inadvertent alteration of data contents due to hardware failure or program error. NOTE: Entry Detail Addenda Records are not hashed).

5. **Total Debit Entry Amount — MANDATORY**
   This field contains accumulated Entry Detail debit totals within a given batch (Company/Batch Control Record) and accumulated Company/Batch Control Record debit totals within a given file (File Control Record).

6. **Total Credit Entry Amount — MANDATORY**
   This field contains accumulated Entry Detail credit totals within a given batch (Company/Batch Control Record) and accumulated Company/Batch Control Record credit totals within a given file (File Control Record).
7. **Taxpayer ID Number — Required**
Insert the first ten positions (excluding hyphens) of the Taxpayer ID assigned by the Taxation and Revenue Department for the specific tax you are paying. This field should be left-justified, and the unused spaces filled with blanks.

~ Combined Reporting System (CRS) and fuel taxes taxpayers should enter their 11-digit CRS identification number/ New Mexico taxpayer identification number.
~ Oil & Gas Taxes, Natural Gas Processors Tax, and Oil & Gas Royalties taxpayers should enter their oil & gas reporting identification number (OGRID).
~ Health Care Quality Surcharge taxpayers should enter their 4-digit Department of Health license number.
~ IRP/IFTA taxpayers should enter their federal employee identification number (FEIN).
~ All others should enter their 11-digit tax identification number (CRS number) or if this number is not known, their 9-digit FEIN.

For example, if the Taxpayer ID for a company paying Gross Receipts Tax is "01-999999-009", the value in this field should be "0199999900". For a company paying Oil & Gas Taxes, if the Taxpayer ID is "1656", the value in this field should then be "1656bxxxxx".

8. **Reserved — To be filled with blanks**

9. **Reserved — To be filled with blanks**

10. **Originating DFI Identification — MANDATORY**
The eight-character format used in this field begins with the four-digit Transit Number, followed by the four-digit ABA number to identify the DFI originating entries within a given batch.

11. **Batch Number — MANDATORY**
This number, assigned in ascending sequence to each batch in a given file of entries, is designated by the sending point. Since the batch number in this record and the Company Batch Header Record is the same, the ascending sequence number should be assigned by batch and not by record. This field should be right-justified, zero-filled.
Table 6: File Control Record Format

FILE CONTROL RECORD FORMAT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Field Sequence</th>
<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Field Contents</th>
<th>Columns From - To</th>
<th>Length (CHAR)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 (M)</td>
<td>Record Type Code</td>
<td>&quot;9&quot;</td>
<td>1 - 1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 (M)</td>
<td>Batch Count</td>
<td>Numeric</td>
<td>2 - 7</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 (M)</td>
<td>Block Count</td>
<td>Numeric</td>
<td>8 - 13</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 (M)</td>
<td>Entry/Addenda Count</td>
<td>Numeric</td>
<td>14 - 21</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 (M)</td>
<td>Entry Hash</td>
<td>Numeric</td>
<td>22 - 31</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 (M)</td>
<td>Total Debit Entry Amount</td>
<td>$$$$$$$cc</td>
<td>32 - 43</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7 (M)</td>
<td>Total Credit Entry Amount</td>
<td>$$$$$$$cc</td>
<td>44 - 55</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Reserved</td>
<td>Blanks</td>
<td>56 - 94</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

EXPLANATION OF FIELDS IN FILE CONTROL RECORD FORMAT

1. **Record Type Code — MANDATORY**
   This field should have the value of "9" to identify this record as a File Control Record.

2. **Batch Count — MANDATORY**
   The value of this field must be equal to the number of Company/Batch Header Records in the file. This field should be right-justified, zero-filled.

3. **Block Count — MANDATORY**
   The Block Count contains the number of physical blocks in the file, including both the File Header and File Control Records. This field should be right-justified, zero-filled.

4. **Entry/Addenda Count — MANDATORY**
   This count is a tally of each Entry Detail Record and each Special Addenda Record processed within either the batch or file, as may be appropriate. This field should be right-justified, zero-filled.

5. **Entry Hash — MANDATORY**
   The critical Transit/Routing number in each entry is hashed (check digits programmed by the bank) to protect against inadvertent alteration of data contents due to hardware failure or program error. NOTE: Entry Detail Addenda Records are not hashed.

6. **Total Debit Entry Amount — MANDATORY**
   This field contains accumulated Entry Detail debit totals within a given batch (Company/Batch Control Record) and accumulated Company/Batch Control Record debit totals within a given file (File Control Record).

7. **Total Credit Entry Amount — MANDATORY**
   This field contains accumulated Entry Detail credit totals within a given batch (Company/Batch Control Record) and accumulated Company/Batch Control Record credit totals within a given file (File Control Record).

8. **Reserved — To be filled with blanks**
General Information. FYIs and Bulletins present general information with minimum technical language. All FYIs and Bulletins are free of charge and available through all local tax offices and on the Taxation and Revenue Department's website at http://www.tax.newmexico.gov/forms-publications.aspx

Regulations. The Department establishes regulations to interpret and exemplify the various tax acts it administers. Current statutes with regulations can be located on the Department’s website for free at http://www.tax.newmexico.gov/statutes-with-regulations.aspx. Specific regulations are also available at the State Records Center and Archives or on its web page at http://www.srca.nm.gov/

The Taxation and Revenue Department regulation book is available for purchase from the New Mexico Compilation Commission. Order regulation books directly from the New Mexico Compilation Commission at https://www.nmcompcomm.us/

Rulings. Rulings signed by the Secretary and approved by the Attorney General are written statements that apply to one or a small number of taxpayers. A taxpayer may request a ruling (at no charge) to clarify its tax liability or responsibility under specific circumstances. The Department will not issue a ruling to a taxpayer who is undergoing an audit, who has an outstanding assessment, or who is involved in a protest or litigation with the Department over the subject matter of the request. The Department’s rulings are compiled and available on free of charge at http://www.tax.newmexico.gov/rulings.aspx.

The request for a ruling must be in writing, include accurate taxpayer identification and the details about the taxpayer’s situation, and be addressed to the Secretary of the Taxation and Revenue Department at P.O. Box 630, Santa Fe, NM 87504-0630. The taxpayer’s representative, such as an accountant or attorney, may request a ruling on behalf of the taxpayer but must disclose the name of the taxpayer. While the Department is not required to issue a ruling when requested to do so, every request is carefully considered.

The Secretary may modify or withdraw any previously issued ruling and is required to withdraw or modify any ruling when subsequent legislation, regulations, final court decisions or other rulings invalidate a ruling or portions of a ruling.


This publication provides general information. It does not constitute a regulation, ruling, or decision issued by the Secretary of the New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department. The Department is legally bound only by a regulation or a ruling [7-1-60, New Mexico Statutes Annotated, 1978]. In the event of a conflict between FYI and statute, regulation, case law or policy, the information in FYIs is overridden by statutes, regulations and case law. Taxpayers and preparers are responsible for being aware of New Mexico tax laws and rules. Consult the Department directly if you have questions or concerns about information provided in this FYI.
FOR FURTHER ASSISTANCE

For general information about your tax return or payment please contact your nearest Taxation and Revenue Department tax field office listed below and on the next page.

For technical questions about special payment methods or procedures, please contact:

New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department
1-866-285-2996

For information about Oil & Gas Taxes or Natural Gas Processors Tax please contact:

New Mexico Taxation and Revenue Department
P.O. Box 2308
Santa Fe, NM 87504-2308
Oil & Gas Bureau
(505) 827-0811

For information about Oil & Gas Royalties please contact:

New Mexico State Land Office
Royalty Management Division
P.O. Box 1148
Santa Fe, NM 87504-1148
(505) 827-5705

State of New Mexico’s fiscal agent:

Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.
New Mexico Commercial Banking
200 Lomas Blvd. NW
MAC Q2129-103
Albuquerque, NM 87102

Wells Fargo ACH Operations – (800) 745-2426
Wells Fargo Wire Transfer Operations – (800) 394-8115

Please see following page for a complete listing of New Mexico local tax offices.
FOR FURTHER ASSISTANCE

Tax District Field Offices and the Department’s call center can provide full service and general information about the Department’s taxes, taxpayer access point, programs, classes, and forms. Information specific to your filing situation, payment plans and delinquent accounts.

TAX DISTRICT FIELD OFFICES

ALBUQUERQUE
10500 Copper Pointe Avenue NE
Albuquerque, NM 87123

SANTA FE
Manuel Lujan Sr. Bldg.
1200 S. St. Francis Dr.
Santa Fe, NM 87504

FARMINGTON
3501 E. Main St., Suite N
Farmington, NM 87499

LAS CRUCES
2540 S. El Paseo Bldg. #2
Las Cruces, NM 88004

ROSWELL
400 Pennsylvania Ave., Suite 200
Roswell, NM 8820

For forms and instructions visit the Department’s web site at http://www.tax.newmexico.gov

Call Center Number:
1-866-285-2996

If faxing something to a tax district field office, please fax to:

Call Center Fax Number:
1-505-841-6327

If mailing information to a tax district field office, please mail to:

Taxation and Revenue Department
P.O. Box 8485
Albuquerque, NM 87198-8485

For additional contact information please visit the Department’s website at http://www.tax.newmexico.gov/contact-us.aspx

This information is as accurate as possible as of the date specified on the publication. Subsequent legislation, new state regulations and case law may affect its accuracy. For the latest information please check the Taxation and Revenue Department’s web site at www.tax.newmexico.gov.

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